

## 極座標

$$d\Omega = r^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi, \quad dS = r^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi, \quad dV = dS \, dr = r^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi \, dr$$

面積  $S = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\pi r^2 \sin\theta \, d\theta \, d\phi = r^2 \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \int_0^\pi \sin\theta \, d\theta = 4\pi r^2$

体積  $V = \int_0^r r'^2 \, dr' \int_0^\pi \sin\theta \, d\theta \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi = 4\pi \int_0^r r'^2 \, dr' = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

$$x = r \sin\theta \cos\phi \quad (1) \quad r^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \quad (4)$$

$$y = r \sin\theta \sin\phi \quad (2) \quad \tan\phi = y/x \quad (5)$$

$$z = r \cos\theta \quad (3) \quad \cos\theta = z/r \quad (6)$$

## 偏微分の連鎖規則

$$\left(\frac{f}{x}\right)_{y,z} = \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_{y,z} \left(\frac{r}{x}\right)_{y,z} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{x}\right)_{y,z} + \left(\frac{f}{x}\right)_{y,z} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{x}\right)_{y,z}$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{y}\right)_{x,z} = \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_{x,z} \left(\frac{r}{y}\right)_{x,z} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{y}\right)_{x,z} + \left(\frac{f}{y}\right)_{x,z} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{y}\right)_{x,z}$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{z}\right)_{x,y} = \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_{x,y} \left(\frac{r}{z}\right)_{x,y} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{z}\right)_{x,y} + \left(\frac{f}{z}\right)_{x,y} + \left(\frac{f}{r}\right)_r \left(\frac{r}{z}\right)_{x,y}$$

(1),(2),(3) 式の両辺を  $x$  で微分する (平面極座標参照)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x}{x} = 1 &= \frac{r \sin\theta \cos\phi}{r} \frac{r}{x} + \frac{r \sin\theta \cos\phi}{x} + \frac{r \sin\theta \cos\phi}{x} \\ &= \sin\theta \cos\phi \frac{r}{x} + r \cos\theta \cos\phi \frac{1}{x} + r \sin\theta (-\sin\phi) \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{y}{x} = 0 &= \frac{r \sin\theta \sin\phi}{r} \frac{r}{x} + \frac{r \sin\theta \sin\phi}{x} + \frac{r \sin\theta \sin\phi}{x} \\ &= \sin\theta \sin\phi \frac{r}{x} + r \cos\theta \sin\phi \frac{1}{x} + r \sin\theta \cos\phi \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{z}{x} = 0 &= \frac{r \cos\theta}{r} \frac{r}{x} + \frac{r \cos\theta}{x} + \frac{r \cos\theta}{x} \\ &= \cos\theta \frac{r}{x} - r \sin\theta \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 D &= \begin{vmatrix} \sin \cos & r \cos & \cos & r \sin & (-\sin) \\ \sin \sin & r \cos & \sin & r \sin & \cos \\ \cos & -r \sin & & & 0 \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= r^2 (\sin^2 \cos^2 + \cos^2 + \sin^3 + \sin^2) \\
 &\quad + \sin^3 \cos^2 + \sin \cos^2 \sin^2) \\
 &= r^2 (\sin^2 \cos^2 + \sin^3) = r^2 \sin
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{r}{x} &= \begin{vmatrix} 1 & r \cos & \cos & r \sin & (-\sin) \\ 0 & r \cos & \sin & r \sin & \cos \\ 0 & -r \sin & & & 0 \end{vmatrix} / D \\
 &= r^2 \sin^2 \cos / r^2 \sin = \sin \cos
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{x} &= \begin{vmatrix} \sin \cos & 1 & r \sin & (-\sin) \\ \sin \sin & 0 & r \sin & \cos \\ \cos & 0 & & 0 \end{vmatrix} / D \\
 &= r \sin \cos \cos / r^2 \sin = \cos \cos / r
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{x} &= \begin{vmatrix} \sin \cos & r \cos & \cos & 1 \\ \sin \sin & r \cos & \sin & 0 \\ \cos & -r \sin & & 0 \end{vmatrix} / D \\
 &= r (-\cos^2 \sin - \sin^2 \sin) / r^2 \sin = \frac{-\sin}{r \sin}
 \end{aligned}$$

同様にしてyでの微分を行う。

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{x}{y} = 0 &= \frac{r \sin \cos}{r} \frac{r}{y} + \frac{r \sin \cos}{y} + \frac{r \sin \cos}{y} \\
 &= \sin \cos \frac{r}{y} + r \cos \cos \frac{r}{y} + r \sin (-\sin) \frac{r}{y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{y}{y} = 1 &= \frac{r \sin \sin}{r} \frac{r}{y} + \frac{r \sin \sin}{y} + \frac{r \sin \sin}{y} \\
 &= \sin \sin \frac{r}{y} + r \cos \sin \frac{r}{y} + r \sin \cos \frac{r}{y}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{z}{y} = 0 = \frac{r \cos}{r} \frac{r}{y} + \frac{r \cos}{y} + \frac{r \cos}{y}$$

$$= \cos \frac{r}{y} - r \sin \frac{r}{y}$$

$$\frac{r}{y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 0 & r \cos & \cos & r \sin & (-\sin) \\ 1 & r \cos & \sin & r \sin & \cos \\ 0 & -r \sin & & & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{r^2 \sin^2 \cos \sin / r^2 \sin} = \frac{\sin \cos}{r \sin}$$

$$\frac{r}{y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \sin & \cos & 0 & r \sin & (-\sin) \\ \sin & \sin & 1 & r \sin & \cos \\ \cos & & 0 & & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{r^2 \sin \cos \sin / r^2 \sin} = \frac{\cos \sin}{r}$$

$$\frac{r}{y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \sin & \cos & r \cos & \cos & 0 \\ \sin & \sin & r \cos & \sin & 1 \\ \cos & & -r \sin & & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{r (\cos^2 \cos + \sin^2 \cos)} / r^2 \sin = \frac{\cos}{r \sin}$$

zでの微分を行う。

$$\frac{x}{z} = 0 = \frac{r \sin \cos}{r} \frac{r}{z} + \frac{r \sin \cos}{z} + \frac{r \sin \cos}{z}$$

$$= \sin \cos \frac{r}{z} + r \cos \cos \frac{r}{z} + r \sin (-\sin) \frac{r}{z}$$

$$\frac{y}{z} = 0 = \frac{r \sin \sin}{r} \frac{r}{z} + \frac{r \sin \sin}{z} + \frac{r \sin \sin}{z}$$

$$= \sin \sin \frac{r}{z} + r \cos \sin \frac{r}{z} + r \sin \cos \frac{r}{z}$$

$$\frac{z}{z} = 1 = \frac{r \cos}{r} \frac{r}{z} + \frac{r \cos}{z} + \frac{r \cos}{z}$$

$$= \cos \frac{r}{z} - r \sin \frac{r}{z}$$

$$\frac{r}{z} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 0 & r \cos \theta & \cos \theta & r \sin \theta & (-\sin \theta) \\ 0 & r \cos \theta & \sin \theta & r \sin \theta & \cos \theta \\ 1 & -r \sin \theta & & 0 & \end{vmatrix}}{D}$$

$$= r^2 (\cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta) / r^2 \sin^2 \theta = \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{r}{y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 & r \sin \theta & (-\sin \theta) \\ \sin \theta & \sin \theta & 0 & r \sin \theta & \cos \theta \\ \cos \theta & 1 & & 0 & \end{vmatrix}}{D}$$

$$= -r (\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta) / r^2 \sin^2 \theta = -\sin^2 \theta / r$$

$$\frac{r}{x} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \sin \theta & \cos \theta & r \cos \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \sin \theta & r \cos \theta & \sin \theta & 0 \\ \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta & 1 & & \end{vmatrix}}{D}$$

$$= r (\sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta) / r^2 \sin^2 \theta = 0$$

結果をまとめると

$$\frac{f}{x} = \frac{f}{r} \sin^2 \theta \cos^2 \theta + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos^2 \theta \cos \theta}{r} - \frac{f}{r} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\frac{f}{y} = \frac{f}{r} \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \theta + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos^2 \theta \sin \theta}{r} + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos \theta}{r \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\frac{f}{z} = \frac{f}{r} \cos^2 \theta - \frac{f}{r} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r}$$

もう一度偏微分の連鎖規則を適応して2階微分を求める

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{f}{x} \right) &= \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{x} \right) \frac{r}{x} + \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{x} \right) \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{x} \right) \frac{1}{x} \\
 &= \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{r} \sin \cos + \frac{f \cos \cos}{r} - \frac{f \sin}{r \sin} \right) \sin \cos \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{r} \sin \cos + \frac{f \cos \cos}{r} - \frac{f \sin}{r \sin} \right) \frac{\cos \cos}{r} \\
 &\quad + \frac{1}{r} \left( \frac{f}{r} \sin \cos + \frac{f \cos \cos}{r} - \frac{f \sin}{r \sin} \right) \frac{-\sin}{r \sin} \\
 &= \left\{ \frac{2f}{r^2} \sin \cos + \frac{2f \cos \cos}{r} + \frac{f - \cos \cos}{r^2} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{2f \sin}{r} \frac{1}{r \sin} + \frac{f \sin}{r^2 \sin} \right\} \sin \cos + \left\{ \frac{2f}{r} \sin \cos \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{f \cos \cos}{r} + \frac{2f \cos \cos}{r^2} + \frac{f - \sin \cos}{r} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{2f \sin}{r \sin} - \frac{f - \cos \sin}{r \sin^2} \right\} \frac{\cos \cos}{r} + \left\{ \frac{2f}{r} \sin \cos \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + \frac{f}{r} \sin (-\sin) + \frac{2f \cos \cos}{r} + \frac{f - \cos \sin}{r} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{2f \sin}{r^2 \sin} - \frac{f \cos}{r \sin} \right\} \frac{-\sin}{r \sin} \\
 &= \frac{2f}{r^2} \sin^2 \cos^2 + \frac{2f \sin \cos \cos^2}{r} - \frac{f \sin \cos \cos^2}{r^2} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2f \sin \cos}{r} + \frac{f \sin \cos}{r^2} + \frac{2f \sin \cos \cos^2}{r} \\
 &\quad + \frac{f \cos^2 \cos^2}{r} + \frac{2f \cos^2 \cos^2}{r^2} + \frac{f - \sin \cos \cos^2}{r^2} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2f \cos \cos \sin}{r^2 \sin} + \frac{f \cos^2 \sin \cos}{r^2 \sin^2} \\
 &\quad - \frac{2f \sin \cos}{r} + \frac{f \sin^2}{r} - \frac{2f \cos \cos \sin}{r^2 \sin} \\
 &\quad + \frac{f \cos \sin^2}{r^2 \sin} + \frac{2f \sin^2}{r^2 \sin^2} + \frac{f \cos \sin}{r^2 \sin^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{2f}{r^2} \sin^2 \cos^2 + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \sin \cos \cos^2}{r} - \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos \cos^2}{r^2} \\
&+ \frac{f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{\cos \sin^2}{r} - \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \cos \sin}{r} + \frac{f}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos}{r} \\
&+ \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos^2 \cos^2 + \sin^2}{r} + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\cos^2 \cos^2}{r^2} \\
&- \frac{2f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{2 \cos \cos \sin}{r} + \frac{2f}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{\sin^2}{r}
\end{aligned}$$

y についても同様に

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{f}{y} \left( \frac{f}{y} \right) &= \frac{f}{r} \left( \frac{f}{y} \right) \frac{r}{y} + \frac{f}{y} \left( \frac{f}{y} \right) \frac{r}{y} + \frac{f}{y} \left( \frac{f}{y} \right) \frac{r}{y} \\
&= \left\{ \frac{2f}{r^2} \sin \sin + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{\cos \sin}{r} + \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{-\cos \sin}{r^2} + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{\cos}{r \sin} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{-\cos}{r} \right\} \sin \sin + \left\{ \frac{2f}{r} \sin \sin + \frac{f}{r} \cos \sin \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\cos \cos}{r} + \frac{f}{r} \frac{-\sin \sin}{r} + \frac{2f}{r \sin} \frac{\cos}{r} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{f}{r \sin^2} \frac{-\cos \cos}{r} \right\} \frac{\cos \sin}{r} + \left\{ \frac{2f}{r} \sin \sin + \frac{f}{r} \sin \cos \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{\cos \sin}{r} + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos \cos}{r} + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\cos}{r \sin} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{f}{r \sin} \frac{-\sin}{r} \right\} \frac{\cos}{r \sin} \\
&= \frac{2f}{r^2} \sin^2 \sin^2 + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \sin \cos \sin^2}{r} - \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos \sin^2}{r^2} \\
&+ \frac{f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{\cos \cos^2}{r} + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \cos \sin}{r} - \frac{f}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos}{r} \\
&+ \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos^2 \sin^2 + \cos^2}{r} + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\cos^2 \sin^2}{r^2} \\
&+ \frac{2f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{2 \cos \cos \sin}{r} + \frac{2f}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{\cos^2}{r}
\end{aligned}$$

z については

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{f}{z} \left( \frac{f}{z} \right) &= \frac{f}{r} \left( \frac{f}{z} \right) \frac{r}{z} + \frac{f}{z} \left( \frac{f}{z} \right) \frac{r}{z} + \frac{f}{z} \left( \frac{f}{z} \right) \frac{r}{z} \\
&= \left\{ \frac{2f}{r^2} \cos^2 - \frac{2f}{r} \frac{\sin}{r} - \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{-\sin}{r} \right\} \cos \\
&\quad + \left\{ \frac{2f}{r} \cos + \frac{f}{r} (-\sin) - \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\sin}{r} - \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos}{r} \right\} \frac{-\sin}{r} \\
&= \frac{2f}{r^2} \cos^2 - \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \sin \cos}{r} + \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos}{r^2} + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\sin^2}{r} \\
&\quad + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\sin^2}{r^2}
\end{aligned}$$

結果を加えるとラプラシアンは次のように書ける

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{2f}{x^2} + \frac{2f}{y^2} + \frac{2f}{z^2} &= \frac{2f}{r^2} (\sin^2 \cos^2 + \sin^2 \sin^2 + \cos^2) \\
&\quad + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{2 \sin \cos \cos^2 + 2 \sin \cos \sin^2 - 2 \sin \cos}{r} \\
&\quad + \frac{f}{r^2} \frac{-2 \sin \cos \cos^2 - 2 \sin \cos \sin^2 + 2 \sin \cos}{r^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{\cos \sin^2 + \cos \cos^2}{r^2 \sin} + \frac{2f}{r} \frac{-2 \cos \sin + 2 \cos \sin}{r} \\
&\quad + \frac{f}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{2 \sin \cos - 2 \sin \cos}{r^2 \sin^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{f}{r} \frac{\cos^2 \cos^2 + \sin^2 + \cos^2 \sin^2 + \cos^2 + \sin^2}{r} \\
&\quad + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\cos^2 \cos^2 + \cos^2 \sin^2 + \sin^2}{r^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{2f}{r^2 \sin} \frac{-2 \cos \cos \sin + 2 \cos \cos \sin}{r^2 \sin} + \frac{2f}{r^2} \frac{\sin^2 + \cos^2}{r^2 \sin^2} \\
&= \frac{2f}{r^2} + \frac{2}{r} \frac{f}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{2f}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\cos}{\sin} \frac{f}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{2f}{r^2} \\
&= \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{1}{r} \left( r^2 \frac{1}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin} \frac{1}{r} (\sin \frac{1}{r}) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2} \frac{1}{r^2}
\end{aligned}$$

連立1次方程式を解くのに行列式を使用したがる変数の少ない表示を用いると直接解ける。  
 ここでも基本は偏微分の連鎖則でこれがきちんと理解できていれば容易である。

3次元の極座標変換を求めてみよう。次の3式をもとにする。

$$r^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \quad (4)$$

$$\tan \theta = y / x \quad (5)$$

$$\cos \phi = z / r \quad (6)$$

(4)の両辺をxで偏微分する (rだけの関数に注意, \thetaによらない)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} r^2 = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} r^2 \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = 2r \frac{\partial r}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) = 2x,$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{r} = \frac{r \sin \theta \cos \phi}{r} = \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

y, zでも同様に偏微分すると。次の関係式が得られる。

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{r} = \sin \theta \sin \phi, \quad \frac{\partial r}{\partial z} = \frac{z}{r} = \cos \phi$$

次に(5)式の両辺をxで偏微分する (\thetaだけの関数に注意 r, \phiによらない)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \tan \theta = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \tan \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{y}{x} = \frac{-y}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = \cos^2 \theta \frac{-y}{x^2} = \cos^2 \theta \frac{-r \sin \theta \sin \phi}{(r \sin \theta \cos \phi)^2} = \frac{-\sin \theta}{r \sin \theta \cos \phi}$$

y, zでも同様に偏微分すると。次の関係式が得られる。

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y} = \cos^2 \theta \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\cos \theta}{r \sin \theta}, \quad \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} = 0$$

最後に(6)式の両辺をxで偏微分する (rと\thetaの関数に注意) 次いでy, zで偏微分して

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \cos \phi = -\sin \phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{z}{r} = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \frac{z}{r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{-z}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{-\cos \phi}{r} \frac{x}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} = \frac{-\cos \phi}{r (-\sin \phi)} \sin \theta \cos \phi = \frac{\cos \theta \cos \phi}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \cos \phi = -\sin \phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} = \frac{-z}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial y} = \frac{-\cos \phi}{r} \sin \theta \sin \phi, \quad \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} = \frac{\cos \theta \sin \phi}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \cos \phi = -\sin \phi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} = \frac{-z}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial z} + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} (1 - \cos^2 \phi), \quad \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} = -\frac{\sin \theta}{r}$$

が得られる。